

Trouble in Cuba: The _____ War Fill in notes

EQ: _____

Cubans Rise in Revolt

- Cuban “_____” revolted against _____ overlords in 1895 by burning the cane fields they worked on.
- Americans watched with interest
 - Reminded us of our own fight for _____
 - Felt it supported the _____
 - Might open up a _____ for a Latin American canal

Halting the Revolt

- Gen. Valeriano “Butcher” Weyler was sent by Spain to _____ the _____.
- He placed thousands of Cubans in “_____” camps
- “_____” newspapers tried to out-scoop each other
- *“You furnish the pictures, I’ll furnish the War”*
 - Wm. Randolph Hearst to Frederick Remington

The Road to War

- The _____: Spanish official Dupuy de Lôme wrote a letter which _____ President McKinley and called him a _____.
- February 15, 1898, the _____ mysteriously exploded at night in Havana harbor, _____ 260 American sailors.
 - “_____!”
- Later it was concluded that the explosion was an _____

Declaring War on Spain

- April 11, 1898, Congress _____ war on _____
- _____: Said the U.S. would give _____ its _____ after kicking out Spain.

Victory at Manila

- Under-secretary of the Navy, _____, ordered Commodore George Dewey to move to the _____ (another Spanish colony) if war broke out.
- Dewey’s six ships out maneuvered and out-shot Spain’s 10 naval ships, but was unable to take the shores of Manila.
- Foot soldiers eventually arrived, and with the help of _____ (leader of a group of Filipino insurgents), they took Manila.

- _____: extreme patriotism in the form of _____ policy (we’re right, you’re wrong, and we’ll go to war to prove it) Jingoism was in full swing during the _____ - _____ War, and the quick victory only fueled the fire.
 - _____ was now seen as one of (if not *the*) _____ nation in the world

Ending the War

- _____ was now _____, and the U.S. gained _____, _____, and the _____
- Anti-Imperialist League emerged to halt annexation

- Mark Twain, Carnegie, Samuel Gompers

Issues Stemming From War

What to do with our “Little Brown Brothers?”

- The _____: Several Supreme Court cases _____ the status of _____ acquired after the Spanish American War.
 - QUESTION: _____
 - DECISION: Supreme Court said _____.
- This would mean that the people of _____ nations could _____ be treated _____, and Americans living in those countries _____ have the same protections they would at home.

What to do with Puerto Rico?



Closely located to the United States

- Puerto Rico was _____ as neither a state nor a territory

What to Do With the Philippines?



_____ assumed they would be given _____ like the Cubans, and waged bloody guerilla warfare against the U.S. under Emilio Aguinaldo when that _____ happen

- The U.S. _____ with the creation of their own reconcentration camps and the “_____”
- _____ decided to take over the islands, paying \$ _____ to _____, and setting up a _____ government under Governor William Howard Taft
 - Spent millions of dollars _____, _____, and _____, as well as setting up American _____

What to Do With Cuba?



A _____ was set up after the war to rebuild

- The U.S. forced Cuba to add the _____ into their new Constitution
 - The Platt Amendment: _____ U.S. involvement in _____ and gave _____ standing (in U.S law) to U.S. claims to _____ on the island including _____ Naval Base.

Summary:
